CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE

JUNE 30, 2004

Report

of.

Examination

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

CONTENTS

	<u>P</u>	ages
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1	- 8
Independent Auditor's Report	9	- 10
Statement of Net Assets		11
Statement of Activities		12
Balance Sheet - Government Funds		13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets		14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		16
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Water and Sewer Department		17
Statement of Cash Flows - Water and Sewer Department		18
Notes to Financial Statements	19	- 31
Schedule of Federal Awards		31
Supplemental Supporting Schedules Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	32	- 35
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	36	- 37
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	38	- 39
Findings and Disposition		40

As management of the City of Fairview, Tennessee we offer the readers of the City of Fairview, Tennessee's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Fairview, Tennessee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in actual dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Management believes the City of Fairview's financial condition is strong. The City is well within its budget and the more stringent financial policies and guidelines set by the Board of Commissioners and management. The following are key financial highlights.

- The assets of the City of Fairview exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$16,297,973. Of this amount, \$4,058,825 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- At June 30, 2004, the City's government funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,789,996 or, an increase of \$297,648 in comparison with the prior year. This entire amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At June 30, 2004 unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$809,052, or 35% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$106,043 during the year ended June 30, 2004. Of this amount, general fund long-term debt increased by \$315,251; water and sewer long-term decreased by \$421,294.
- The City's capital assets increased by \$943,037 during the year ended June 30, 2004. This increase is primarily due to construction of the new City Hall.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the City's financial condition and activities. Summary financial statement data key financial and operational indicators, budget and other management tools were used for this analysis. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information to the basis financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the City on a full accrual, historical cost basis. The statement of net assets provides information on the entire City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as new assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, drug enforcement, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the operations of the water and sewer facilities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balances and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects and drug fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriations budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water and Sewer activities.

Proprietary funds provided the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Water and Sewer activities of the City.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes present information about the City's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-31 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Fairview, assets exceeded liabilities by \$16,297,973, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (69%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and buildings) less any outstanding, related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to pay this debt must be proved from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

City of Fairview, Tennessee's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 2,519,181 5,888,545 \$ 8,407,726	\$ 3,309,895 <u>9,966,566</u> \$ 13,276,461	\$ 5,829,076 15,855,111 \$ 21,684,187

	Governmental Activities FY 2004	Business-type Activities FY 2004	Total FY 2004
		11 2004	F1 2004
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 2,273,945 717,249 2,991,194	\$ 2,313,206 81,814 2,395,020	\$ 4,587,151 799,063 5,386,214
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	3,614,378	7,643,826	\$ 11,258,204
Restricted Assets	980,944		980,944
Unrestricted	<u>821,210</u>	3,237,615	4,058,825
Net Assets	5,416,532	10,881,441	16,297,973
Total	\$ 8,407,726	\$ <u>13,276,461</u>	\$ 21,684,187

At year end, six (6%) percent of the City's net assets represented resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$4,058,858) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At June 30, 2004, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

City of Fairview, Tennessee's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental			siness-type	
	<u>Activities</u>		<i>E</i>	Activities	 Total
		FY 2004	<u> </u>	FY 2004	 FY 2004
REVENUES:					
Capital Projects					
Taxes	\$	117,019	\$		\$ 117,019
Uses of money		4,275		31,086	35,361
Drug Fund				,	,
Fines & fees		526,500			526,500
Uses of money		2,506			2,506
General Revenues:					-,500
Taxes		1,378,091			1,378,091
Licenses & permits		91,019			91,019
Fines and fees		92,076			92,076
Intergovernmental		627,367			627,367
Uses of money and					, , ,
property		7,276			7,276
Other		137,088			137,088
Water & Sewer				2,179,576	2,179,576
Total Revenue		2,983,217		2,210,662	5,193,879

	Governmental	Business-type	
	_Activities	Activities	Total
	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY2004
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital Projects	\$ 887,335	\$	\$ 887,335
Drug Fund	245,127	Ψ	245,127
General Government	1,126,333		1,126,333
City Court	23,270	•	23,270
Codes	79,396		79,396
Public safety	792,218		792,218
State Street Aid	152,366		152,366
Road & Streets	42,487		42,487
Public Health	16,954		16,954
Parks & Recreation	106,091		106,091
Water & Sewer			= * * * * * * * *
Operating		1,915,502	1,915,502
Interest		174,367	174,367
Total Expenditures	3,471,577	2,089,869	5,561,446
Excess or deficiency	(488,360)	120,793	(367,567)
OTHER FINANCING			
Capital contributions		484,430	484,430
Transfers in	332,097	•	332,097
Transfers out	(86,397)	(245,700)	(332,097)
Proceeds of bonds	540,308		540,308
Increase in net assets	297,648	359,523	657,171
Net assets July 1, 2003	1,492,348	10,521,918	12,014,266
Net assets June 30, 2004	\$ <u>1,789,996</u>	\$ 10,881,441	\$ <u>12,671,437</u>

The government's assets increased \$657,171 during the fiscal year. Most of this increase represents bond proceeds related to the construction of the new city hall and operation of the water and sewer utility.

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased net assets by \$297,648, which accounts for 45% of the total growth in the net asset of the City of Fairview in FY 2004.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the net assets by \$359,523, or 55% of the total growth in the net assets of the City of Fairview. Of this amount \$120,793 was operating income and the balance was contributed capital.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As previously noted, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's near resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the all the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,789,996, an increase of \$297,648 over the previous year. Of the total \$1,789,996 balance, \$204,104 is restricted for use in the State Street Aid Fund, which provides for paving and maintenance of streets. Another \$358,470 is restricted to use within the Drug enforcement Fund. Finally, \$418,370 is an unused portion of borrowed funds and restricted for the construction of the City's new City Hall.

The balance of \$809,052 is unrestricted in the operation of the general fund of the City. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved fund balance to the fund's expenditures. The unreserved fund balance (\$809,052) represents 35% of the general fund's expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City's Water and Sewer Utility operates in a proprietary fund and the information is found in the government-wide financial statements.

Net assets for the Water & Sewer Fund are \$10,881,441 and increased by \$359,519. Of the \$10,881,441 in the fund balance, \$3,237,615 is unrestricted for use in the fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The differences between the original budgeted revenues and actual was minor. Actual revenue fell short of projections by \$22,633, or less than 1%. The difference in budgeted expenditures and actual was positive, with expenditures falling \$79,170 less than budgeted.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year 2004, the City had \$15,855,111 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets. This total includes land, land improvements, buildings, utility system equipment and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current period amounted to \$471,915. This represents a 3% increase in total assets. The general fund had a net increase of \$802,638, primarily due to construction-in-progress of the new City Hall. Water and Sewer had a decrease of \$330,723 in capital assets.

The following table summarizes the City's capital assets and changes. Complete detail is provided on pages 25 and 26 of notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$ 2,681,246	\$ 101,323	\$ 2,782,569
Buildings	2,633,574		2,633,574
Utility System	1,435,464	14,141,876	14,141,876
Equipment		627,042	2,062,506
Less depreciation	(861,739)	(4,903,675)	(5,765,414)

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$4,587,151. Of this amount, \$2,805,035 comprises debts backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$1,782,116 represents bond secured primarily by a specified revenue source and a full faith and credit pledge.

City of Fairview, Tennessee's Net Assets General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	(Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
General Revenue	Obligation Bonds Bonds	\$ 2,273,945	\$ 713,738 1,782,116	\$ 2,805,035 1,782,116
Less Total	deferred charges	$\frac{0}{2,273,945}$	(<u>182,648)</u> \$ <u>2,313,206</u>	(182,648) \$ $4,404,503$

The City's total debt decreased by a net \$106,043, during the current year. The governmental fund debt increased slightly, due continued construction on city hall. No new debt was added to the Water & Sewer fund. Additional information is available on pages 26-28.

Economic Factors and New Year's Budget and Rates

Factors considered in preparation of the City's budget for the 2005 fiscal year include the following:

- The reduction of State shared revenue continues to affect the general fund revenue.
- The citizens of Fairview passed an additional ½ cent sales tax providing a substantial source of income.
- Williamson County is having difficulty with the growth of its school budget. The County Board of Commissioners is considering a countywide referendum in November to implement the ½ cent sales tax. Passage would reduce the City's revenue by 50%. Management will budget only ½ the estimated revenue for the months following November.

The fund balance of the general fund is sufficient to support the proposed budget if revenue fails to meet projections. The tax rate will remain unchanged at 72 cents. Water and sewer rates will not be increased for the 2005 budget.

This overview is designed to provide general information about the City of Fairview's finances. Questions should be directed to the Finance Department, Kathleen Daugherty or the City Manager, Al Deck. City of Fairview, P.O. Box 69 Fairview, TN 37062.

PARSONS AND ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
234 4th Avenue North
P. O. BOX 604

FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE 37065

TELEPHONE # 615-794-4313 FAX # 615-595-2297

DAN H. PARSONS, CPA PATRICIA L. PARSONS, CPA ROBIN FRICKE JACKSON, CPA MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
TENNESSEE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 27, 2004

Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Fairview, Tennessee Fairview, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of City of Fairview, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Fairview, Tennessee, management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, of the City of Fairview, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the City has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, as of June 30, 2004.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2004, on our consideration of City of Fairview, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 8 and 32 through 37, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Fairview, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Parsons any Associatea

Parsons and Associates

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

		Primary Governm	nent
		Business-	
	Governmental	type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 567,221	\$ 3,047,488	\$ 3,614,709
Property tax receivable	742,166	, -,,,,	742,166
Other taxes receivable	46,414		46,414
Intergovernmental revenue receivable	170,278		170,278
Accounts receivable	12,158	262,407	274,565
Restricted assets:	,	,,	271,303
Cash	980,944		980,944
Capital assets:			300,311
Utility plant in service		14,768,918	14,768,918
Land	2,681,246	101,323	2,782,569
Furniture, machinery and equipment	1,435,464		1,435,464
Construction in progress	2,633,574		2,633,574
Accumulated depreciation	(861,739)	(4,903,675)	(5,765,414)
	<u></u>		(-,,, -, -,
<u>Total</u>	\$ 8,407,726	\$ <u>13,276,461</u>	\$ 21,684,187
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 57,815	\$ 65,835	\$ 123,650
Accrued salaries		6,445	6,445
Accrued interest	222	9,534	9,756
Other payables	13,438		13,438
Deferred revenue	645,774		645,774
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	236,441	444,736	681,177
Due beyond one year	<u>2,037,504</u>	1,868,470	3,905,974
	2,991,194	2,395,020	5,386,214
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of		•	
related debt	3,614,378	7,643,826	11,258,204
Restricted for:			
Roads and streets	204,104		204,104
Capital projects	418,370		418,370
Drug enforcement	358,470		358,470
Unrestricted	821,210	3,237,615	4,058,825
	5,416,532	10,881,441	16,297,973
<u>Total</u>	\$ 8,407,726	\$ <u>13,276,461</u>	\$ 21,684,187

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Revenue Net Assets		9	Total	\$ (707, 909)	(447,451)	(44,331)	(127,188)	(122,247)	(1,449,126)		7 574,137	7 (874,989)			634.776	775.410	303,303	117.019	(2,185)	238,674	610,16		-	93,594		2,031,753	1,156,764	15,141,209	\$ 16,297,973
c (Expense) Changes in		Business-type	Activities	₩							574,13	574,137										31,086			(245,700)	(214,614	359,523	10,521,918	\$ 10,881,441
Net		Governmental	Activities	(606'202)\$	(447,451)	(44,331)	(127,188)	(122,247)	(1,449,126)			(1,449,126)			634,776	775,410	38,303	117,019	(2,185)	238,674	91,019	14,057		93,594	245,700	2,246,367	797,241	4,619,291	\$ 5,416,532
10	Capital	Grants and	Contributions	₩							484,430	\$ 484,430											l to specific						
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions	ঞ	14,573	163,151			177,724			\$ 177,724											revenue not restricted						
	Charges	For	Services		630,734		3,155	- 1	816,984	:	2,179,576	\$ 2,996,560			taxes	tes	Payment in lieu of tax	tax	cxes	tes	nd permits	income			n (out)		let assets	- beginning	- ending
			Expenses	\$ 891,004	1,092,758	207,482	130,343	122,247	2,443,834		2,089,869	\$ 4,533,703	General revenues:	Taxes:	Property taxes	Sales taxes	Payment i	Facility tax	Income taxes	Other taxes	Licenses and permits	Investment income	Intergovernmental	programs	Transfers in (out)		Change in net assets	Net assets	Net assets

Interest on long-term debt Total Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Water/sewer

Total Primary Government

Functions/Programs
Primary Government
Governmental Activities
General government
Public safety
Highways and streets
Parks

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

ASSETS	Genera	Capital 1 Projects	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmenta <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 567,2	221 \$	\$	\$ 567,221
Property taxes	742,3			840 166
Intergovernmental	170,2			742,166
Other taxes receivable	46,4			170,278
Restricted assets:	10)			46,414
Cash and cash equivalents	204,3	104 418,370	358,470	980,944
Total	\$ 1,730,1	183 \$ 418,370	\$ 358,470	\$ 2,507,023
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 57,8	315 \$	\$	A 50 015
Other payables	13,4	·	ş	\$ 57,815 13,438
Deferred revenue	645,7			645,774
Total Liabilities	717,0			717,027
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance:				
Reserved for capital projects		418,370		418,370
Reserved for roads and streets	204,1			204,104
Reserved for drug enforcement	•		358,470	358,470
Unreserved	809,0	52	,	809,052
Total Fund Balances	1,013,1		358,470	1,789,996
Total	\$ 1,730,1	83 \$ 418,370	\$ 358,470	\$ 2,507,023

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$ 1,789,996
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$861,739	5,888,545
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current fund liabilities and, therefore, are offset by deferred revenue in the government fund: Court fines receivable, net of allowance for doubtful amounts of \$124,755	12,158
Interest expense is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of activities, whereas, in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due	(222)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds: General long-term debt payable	(0.000.015)
Net Assets of Government Activities	(2,273,945) \$ <u>5,416,532</u>

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and fees	<u>General</u> \$ 1,378,091 91,019 92,076	Capital Projects \$ 117,019	Other Governmental Funds \$ 526,500	Total Governmental Funds \$ 1,495,110 91,019 618,576
Intergovernmental	627,367		520,500	627,367
Uses of money and property Other	7,276 137,088	4,275	2,506	14,057 137,088
Total Revenues	2,332,917	121,294	529,006	2,983,217
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	1,126,333			1 126 222
City court	23,270			1,126,333 23,270
Codes	79,396			79,396
Public safety	792,218		245,127	1,037,345
State Street Aid	152,366			152,366
Roads and streets	42,487			42,487
Public health	16,954			16,954
Parks and recreation	106,091			106,091
Capital outlay		887,335		887,335
Total Expenditures	2,339,115	887,335	245,127	3,471,577
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		<u> </u>		
over (under) expenditures	(<u>6,198</u>)	(<u>766,041</u>)	283,879	(<u>488,360</u>)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	86,397	245,700		332,097
Transfers out		(86,397)		(86,397)
Proceeds of bonds		540,308		540,308
	86,397	699,611		786,008
Net change in fund balances	80,199	(66,430)	283,879	297,648
Fund Balance - beginning of year	932,957	484,800	74,591	1,492,348
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ <u>1,013,156</u>	\$ 418,370	\$ 358,470	\$ 1,789,996

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	297,648
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense for governmental activities:		,
Acquisition of capital assets		922,966
Depreciation expense	(120,058)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets Loan proceeds received General obligation loan payments	(540,308) 225,057
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds payable in the Statement of Activities, whereas, in the governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due: Accrued interest		
Accided interest	(222)
Revenues for governmental activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds: Court fines receivable, net of allowance for doubtful		
amounts of \$124,755		12,158
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ =	797,241

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Operating Revenue	\$ 2,179,576
Operating Expenses Distribution expenses General and administration Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	1,045,711 518,727 351,064 1,915,502
Operating Income	264,074
Non-operating Revenue (Expense) Investment income Interest expense and fiscal fees Total Non-operating Revenue (Expense) Income Before Contributions and Transfers	31,086 (<u>174,367</u>) (<u>143,281</u>) 120,793
Capital Contributions	484,430
Transfers In (Out)	(245,700)
Change in Net Assets	359,523
Total Net Assets - beginning of year	10,521,918
Total Net Assets - end of year	\$ 10,881,441

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,161,444
Payments to employees	(438,929)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(<u>1,086,359</u>)
not out. Provided (about by operating accivities	636,156
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers to other funds	(_245,700)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	$(\underline{245,700})$
1 , and a second a se	(
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities	•
Additions to capital assets	(20,341)
Principal paid on capital debt	(421,713)
Interest paid on capital debt	(174,367)
Capital contributions	484,430
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing	,
activities	(131,991)
	(<u> </u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest income from cash and cash equivalents	31,086
Net cash provided by investing activities	31,086
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	289,551
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	2,757,937
and a few managements of few few few few few few few few few fe	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 3,047,488
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	
	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	\$ 3,047,488
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$ 3,047,488
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ <u>3,047,488</u> \$ 264,074
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization	\$ 3,047,488
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ <u>3,047,488</u> \$ 264,074
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in:	\$\frac{3,047,488}{3,047,488}\$\$ \$264,074 351,064
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Receivables	\$\frac{3,047,488}{3,047,488}\$
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Receivables Deferred charges to income	\$\frac{3,047,488}{3,047,488}\$\$ \$264,074 351,064
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Receivables Deferred charges to income Increase (Decrease) in:	\$ 264,074 351,064 18,132 37,915
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Receivables Deferred charges to income Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable	\$ \(\frac{3,047,488}{3,047,488} \) \$ \(264,074 \) \(351,064 \) \(18,132 \) \(37,915 \) \((20,425) \)
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in: Receivables Deferred charges to income Increase (Decrease) in:	\$ 264,074 351,064 18,132 37,915

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Fairview, Tennessee (the "City") was incorporated on July 1, 1959, under the provisions of the State of Tennessee. The City operates under a Commissioner-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire services), streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include water and sewer systems.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

The Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the accounts relevant to the operations of the City of Fairview. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City of Fairview.

The financial statements of the City include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the City. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria in GASB pronouncements, there are no component units to be included in the accompanying financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets, report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the City of Fairview. Governmental activities, which are usually supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on charges for services and fees.

The statement of activities indicates the degree to which direct expenses of each function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues are: (a) charges to customers and/or applicants who purchase, use or benefit directly from services, goods, or privileges provided by a given function and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to the operational or capital requirements of a specific function. Such revenues are taxes and other revenue that may not be included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, including the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligible requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as in accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received and is recognized as revenue at that time.

The City also reports the following major funds:

The ''General Fund'' is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 'Capital Projects Fund' accounts for the acquisition, design and construction of major capital improvements projects of the City other than improvements financed by the Water and Sewer Fund.

The City also reports the following major proprietary funds:

The 'Water and Sewer Fund' accounts for the activities of the water and sewer department, which operates and provides potable water and maintains a sewer collection system for residents and businesses on a user charges basis. The activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in a manner to create a profit or loss similar to comparable private businesses.

The City has no internal service or fiduciary funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do

not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow private-sector guidance.

Interfund activities has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for charges between the City's water and sewer functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in those functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (a) charges to customer and/or applicants for goods, services and privileges provided, (b) capital grants and contributions.

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expense from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and/or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary water and sewer funds are charges to customers for water and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and/or services, general and administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost and consist principally of demand deposits, short-term certificates of deposits (original maturities of three months or less) and investments in the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee.

Statues authorize the City to invest in (a) U S Government securities and obligations guaranteed by the U S Government, (b) deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations, (c) the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee. During the year, the City invested funds that were not needed immediately in savings accounts and short-term certificates of deposits. Deposits in financial institutions are required by State statute to be secured and collateralized by the financial institutions. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a minimum market value of 105% of the value of the deposits balance less the amount insured by federal depository insurance. Collateral requirements are not applicable for financial institutions who participate in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool.

The State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of the Pool shares.

Receivables

Taxes and trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets, such as the drug special revenue fund, the capital projects fund and state street funds are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable regulations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar assets) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial and individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or substantially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized, but are charged to expense.

Capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed. During the year, the business-type activities had no construction that required interest to be capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 40-50 years Utility plant in service 40-50 years Machine and equipment and vehicles 5-10 years

The City has elected to apply the Modified Approach to accounting for its streets infrastructure system as set forth in GASB 34. Using that approach, the City uses ASTM International Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to assess the surface condition of individual pavement segments. The City's most recent assessment, conducted in October 2004, found that 62.5% of its streets met or exceeded a PCI rating of good.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), the City is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function and those resources utilized primarily by the public and provides future economic benefits for a minimum of two years. Infrastructure assets are capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than other capital assets. The City's major infrastructure systems include the street system, bridges, sidewalks and similar assets.

The City has elected to use the 'Modified Approach' as defined by GASB 34 for infrastructure reporting for its street system. Under GASB 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated under the following requirements:

- The City manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an asset management system with characteristics of (1) an up-to-date inventory; (2) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale, and (3) estimate the annual amounts necessary to maintain and preserve the established condition assessment level.
- The City documents that the eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established and disclosed condition assessment level.

Upon completion of the assessment, a pavement condition index (PCI) was calculated to assess the overall condition of individual pavement segments.

Using the PCI, a number grade was given to each road, which corresponded with its specific rating, so that each road could be more specifically classified within its respective rating category.

Road evaluations were performed using guidelines from ASTM publications. These publications presented picture examples of distresses, information concerning all pertinent distresses, and a PCI rating scale. This information was used to determine the quality of the roads in the City.

The following pavement quality conditions have been defined:

Good	or	better	63.5%
Fair			25.0%
Pass			11.5%
Fail			.0%

The City expended \$194,853 on street maintenance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The budget required to maintain and improve the current level of overall condition the City feels will be made available through the annual budget process, a portion of which is funded by a percentage of the fuel taxes collected by the State.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable government activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of assets.

Bond issue costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Debt issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received or not withheld, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balances

Governmental funds, in the fund financial statements, report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation and/or legally restricted by outside third-parties for specific purposes.

NOTE 2 - REVENUE RECOGNITION - PROPERTY TAXES

The City's charter requires property to be levied on October 1 and become due and payable on October 1. Taxes not paid by March 1 of the following year become delinquent and penalty and interest begins to accumulated on that date. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they become measurable and available. Property taxes collected within sixty days after year end are considered to be measurable and available and are recognized as revenue at year end; taxes not collected within sixty days after year end are reported as deferred revenue.

	Tax			Balance June	Taxes		Balance
	Rate	Assessment	Levy	30, 2003	Levied	Collections	June
1991	1.00	25,849,850	158,501	\$ 35	\$	\$	30,2004
1992	1.00	26,344,131	263,454	173	4	Ş	\$ 35
1993	1.00	27,587,311	275,874	44			173
1994	1.10	38,380,844	313,810	211			44
1995	1.10	32,977,622	329,791	155			211
1996	.91	37,491,439	341,199	325			155
1997	.91	40,084,835	364,772	368			325
1998	.91	45,113,036	410,535	655		_	368
1999	. 91	52,546,824	478,189	1,248		7	648
2000	.91	60,658,109	553,776	•		159	1,089
2001	.72	81,533,611	585,113	5,963		4,036	1,927
2002	.72	81,490,278	611,608	28,989		7,476	21,513
2003	.72	85,129,469		43,909		17,755	26,122
2004	.72	89,685,506	650,603	650,603		605,343	45,260
	. , , _	02,003,506			645,774		645,774
T.eee	estimate	ed uncollect	Ja. 2	732,678	645,774	634,776	743,644
taxes		en nucollect	ible				
CUACE	•			(1,478)			(1,478)
				\$ 731,200	\$ <u>645,774</u>	\$ 634,776	6 P40 144
					4 <u>017,774</u>	\$ <u>634,776</u>	\$ <u>742,166</u>

Delinquent taxes of 2001 and older have been filed with the Williamson County Clerk and Master.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2004, were held by financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the Treasurer of the State of Tennessee. Participating banks determine the aggregate balance of their public fund accounts for the City. The amount of collateral required to secure these public deposits must be equal to at least 105% of the average daily balance of public funds held. Collateral securities required to be pledged by the participating bank to protect their public funds accounts are pledged to the State Treasurer on behalf of the bank collateral pool. The

securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purpose of credit risk disclosure.

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the combined balance sheet is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposit Deposits in State of Tennessee Local	\$ 1,005,702
Government Investment Pool	3,585,881
Cash on hand	1,400
Total	\$ <u>4,592,983</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,614,709
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	
Total	978,274
TOLAT	\$ <u>4,592,983</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 2,681,246	\$		\$ 2,681,246
Capital assets being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment Construction in progress Total assets being depreciated	1,400,103 1,746,239 3,146,342	35,361 887,335 922,696		1,435,464 2,633,574 4,069,038
Less accumulated depreciation for:	3/110/312	<u>522,050</u>		4,003,038
Machinery and equipment	741,681	120,058		861,739
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,085,907	\$ 802,638		\$ <u>5,888,545</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs as of June 30, 2004 as follows:				
Governmental activities General government Public safety Roads and streets Parks and recreation	\$ 9,087 74,090 12,629 24,252	·		
Total depreciation expense- governmental activities	\$ 120,058			

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 101,323	\$	\$	\$101,323	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Utility plant in service	14,129,811	19,299	7,234	14,141,876	
Machinery and equipment Total assets being	678,267	1,042	52,267	627,042	
depreciated	14,808,078	20,341	59,501	14,768,918	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Utility plant	4,211,098	289,300	7,234	4,493,164	
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated	401,014	61,764	52,267	410,511	
depreciation	4,612,112	351,064	59,501	4,903,675	
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ <u>10,297,289</u>	\$(<u>330,723)</u>	\$0	\$ 9,966,566	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in long-term liabilities, during the year ended June 30, 2004, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, <u>2004</u>	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Tennessee Municipal Bond	\$ 187,602	\$	\$ 66,057	\$ 121,545	\$ 67,741
Pooled Fund	356,400		112,000	244,400	118,700
Tennessee Pooled Loan Program Total Government Activities	1,414,692	540,308	47,000	1,908,000	50,000
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ <u>1.958,694</u>	\$ 540,308	\$ 225,057	\$ <u>2,273,945</u>	\$ 236,441
Business-type Activities					
Revenue and tax bonds	\$ 2,110,519		\$ 328,403	\$ 1,782,116	\$ 348,403
Tennessee Department of Health	806,629		92,891		
•	2,917,148		421,294	713,738	96,333
Less unamortized deferred	2,317,140		421,294	2,495,854	444,736
charges	(220,563)		(37,915)	(182,648)	0
Total Debt, net of unamortized	• • • • •		,,,	. =50,010,	v
charges	\$ 2,696,585		\$ 383,379	\$ 2,313,206	\$ 444,736

Description of long-term liabilities:

Bonds payable at June 30, 2004 were as follows:

parable at dune 30, 2004 were as follows:	
Government Activities \$1,1000,000 Series 1994, Tennessee Municipal Bond Pooled Fund Program due in increasing annual install- ments through March 25, 2006 at a variable interest rate (1.31% at June 30, 2004).	\$ 244,400
\$171,500 Capital Outlay Note, payable in monthly installments through February 5, 2006, at an interest rate of 2.95%	97,160
\$56,570 Capital Outlay Note, payable in monthly installments through March 15, 2006 at an interest rate of 4.00%	
\$2,000,000 Series 2001, Tennessee Pooled Loan Program due in increasing annual installments through May 25, 2026, at a variable interest rate (1.14% at June 30,	24,385
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,908,000 \$\frac{2,273,945}{2}
Business-type Activities Debt	
\$675,000 Water Revenue and Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, due in increasing annual installments through June 1, 2008, at varying interest rates from 2.80% to 5.125%	\$ 190,000
\$4,005,000 Sewer Revenue and Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, due in increasing annual installments through June 1, 2009, at varying interest rates from 2.80% to 5.150%	
\$1,717,136 Tennessee Department of Health and Environment payable in monthly installments through February	1,575,000 713,738
643,791 Capital Outlay Note (Equipment) payable in nonthly installments through March 15, 2006, at an interest rate of 4.00%	17,116
otal Business-type Activities Debt ess: unamortized charges otal Business-type Activities Debt, net of unamortized	2,495,854 (182,648)
charges the of tham of the of	\$ 2,313,206

Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt obligations, as of June 30, 2004, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities												
	Ca	Capital Outlay Notes				State Loan Program				Total			
<u>Year</u>	<u>Pri</u>	incipal Interest I		Pr	incipal	Interest		Principal		Interest			
2005	\$	67,741	\$	3,067	\$	168,700	\$	108,513	\$	236,441	\$	111,580	
2006		49,455		1,014		177,700		99,644		227,155	•	100,658	
2007		4,349		87		55,000		90,300		59,349		90,387	
2008						57,000		87,550		57,000		87.550	
2009						60,000		84,700		60,000		84,700	
2010-2014						349,000		375,350		349,000		375,350	
2015-2019						447,000		278,700		447,000		278,700	
2020-2024						569,000		155,350		569,000		155,350	
2025-2026	_		_		_	269,000	_	20,350		269,000		20,350	
<u>Total</u>	\$ _	121,545	\$.	4,168	\$ 2	2,152,400	\$]	1,300,4 <u>57</u>	\$ 2	2,273,945	\$ 1	,304,625	

			Business-typ	e Activities				
	Bonds/Capital	Outlay Notes	State Loan	Program	Total			
<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2005	\$ 348,403	\$ 89,589	\$ 96,333	\$ 24,411	\$ 444,736	\$ 114,000		
2006	363,403	72,764	99,905	20,839	463,308	93,603		
2007	370,310	54,662	103,607	17,137	473,917	71,799		
2008	355,000	35,961	107,448	13,296	462,448	49,257		
2009	345,000	17,768	111,430	9,314	456,430	27,082		
2010			115,560	5,184	115,560	5,184		
2011			79,455	1,632	79,455	1,632		
<u>Total</u>	\$ 1,782,116	\$ 270,744	\$ 713,738	\$ 91,813	\$ 2,495,854	\$ 362,557		

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City maintains insurance coverage through the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool, covering each of those risk of loss. The TML Pool is a cooperative risk sharing arrangement between local government agencies that works in many ways like a traditional The City pays a premium, receives coverage, and can make claims against the coverage. The City meets the TML's guidelines and complies with its rules and regulations, including loss control requirements as well as its underwriting standards. Rates of the TML Pool are actuarially projected to provide adequate funding to cover loss reserves and expenses, as well as building contingency reserves. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 7 - UTILITY RATES AND METERED CUSTOMERS

Utility rates and metered customers at June 30, 2004 were:

Current Water Rates Inside City
First 2,000 gallons
All over 2,000 gallons

\$11.25 Minimum bill 3.19 per 1,000 gallons

Outside City
First 2,000 gallons
All over 2,000 gallons

\$20.25 Minimum bill 5.74 per 1,000 gallons

Current Sewer Rates
Residential
First 2,000 gallons
Next 2,000 gallons
All over 4,000 gallons

\$23.50 Minimum bill
6.30 per 1,000 gallons
4.15 per 1,000 gallons
 with \$50 cap

Commercial and Other
First 2,000 gallons
Next 2,000 gallons
Next 2,000 gallons
Next 4,000 gallons
Next 40,000 gallons
All over 50,000 gallons

\$40.00 Minimum 8.92 per 1,000 gallons 6.82 per 1,000 gallons 5.78 per 1,000 gallons 5.25 per 1,000 gallons 4.72 per 1,000 gallons

Number of Metered Customers
Residential and commercial at June 30, 2004

4,651

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

Employees of City of Fairview are members of the Political Subdivision Pension Plan (PSPP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary and years of service. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 60 with five years of service or at any age with 30 years of service. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members at the age of 55. Disability benefits are available to active members with five years of service who became disabled and cannot engage in gainful employment. There is no service requirement for disability that is the result of an accident or injury occurring while the member was in the performance of duty. Members joining the system after July 1, 1979 become vested after five years of service and members joining prior to July 1, 1979 were vested after four years of service. Benefit provisions are established in state statute found in Title 8, Chapter 34-37 of the Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA). State

statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. Political subdivisions such as City of Fairview participate in the TCRS as individual entities and are liable for all costs associated with the operation and administration of their plan. Benefit improvements are not applicable to a political subdivision unless approved by the chief governing body.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPP. That report may be obtained by writing to Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 10th Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0230 or can be accessed at www.treasury.state.tn.us.

Fund Policy

City of Fairview has adopted a noncontributory retirement plan for its employees by assuming employee contributions up to 5.0 percent of annual covered payroll.

City of Fairview is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004 was 13.15% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirement of plan members is set by state statute. The contribution requirement for City of Fairview is established and may be amended by the TCRS Board of Trustees.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ending June 30, 2004, City of Fairview's annual pension cost of \$181,003 to TCRS was equal to City of Fairview's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2001 actuarial valuation using the frozen initial entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) rate of return on investment of present and future assets of 7.5 percent a year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.75 percent (graded) annual rate (no explicit assumption is made regarding the portion attributable to the effects of inflation of salaries), (c) projected 3.5 percent annual increase in the Social Security wage base, and (d) projected post retirement increases of 3.0 percent annually. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of total investments over a five-year period. City of Fairview's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2001 was 13 years. An actuarial valuation was performed on July 1, 2003, which established contribution rates effective July 1, 2004.

Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	<u>c</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net ension ligation
June 30, 2 June 30, 2 June 30, 2	2003 \$	3181,003 3170,354 3 88,416	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ \$ \$	0.00 0.00 0.00

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Fund Progress for City of Fairview

(Dollars amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a) (c)
July 01, 20 July 01, 20 June 30, 1	001 \$1,021	\$1,706 \$1,359 \$ 891	\$308 \$338 \$190	81.95% 75.13% 78.68%	\$1,265 \$1,125 \$1,032	24.35% 30.04% 18.40%

NOTE 9 - NAME AND TITLE OF OFFICIAL

			Amount of Security
		Salary	Bond
Kenneth Brison	Mayor	\$ 5,400	\$ 100,000
Eddie Arney	Vice Mayor	5,400	100,000
Wayne Hall	Commissioner	5,400	100,000
Stuart Johnson	Commissioner	5,400	100,000
Darrell Mangrum	Commissioner	5,400	100,000
Alan Deck	City Manager	62,258	100,000
Shirley Forehand	Asst City Manager/Treasurer	48,646	100,000
Kathleen Daugherty	City Recorder/Finance	50,991	100,000

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Award No.		Receipts	Expenditures
EMW-2003-FG-18184	Department of Homeland Seco	urity	
	Emergency Preparedness and	Response	
	Directorate (FEMA)	\$ 10,300	\$ 10,300

		7	Variance With
	Budget		Final Budget
	Original/		Positive
	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
RESOURCES (Inflows)			
Taxes			
Real estate taxes	\$ 605,000	\$ 634,776	\$ 29,776
Wholesale beer tax	130,000	125,720	(4,280)
Wholesale liquor tax	26,000	35,869	9,869
Local sales tax - Trustee	385,000	419,361	34,361
Cable TV franchise tax	30,000	37,636	7,636
Natural gas franchise tax	30,000	38,116	8,116
Payment in lieu of taxes	29,000	38,303	9,303
Minimum business tax	32,000	40,099	8,099
Occupancy tax		1,805	1,805
Interest, penalty and court costs	4,500	6,406	1,906
Total Taxes	1,271,500	1,378,091	106,591
			·
Licenses and Permits			
Building, electrical and plumbing permits	48,300	79,167	30,867
Rezoning and variance permits	1,500	3,500	2,000
Other permits	2,200	3,130	930
Sign permits	200	630	430
Contractor license	1,400	1,400	0
Beer license	1,500	3,192	1,692
Total Licenses and Permits	55,100	91,019	35,919
Intergovernmental Revenue			
State sales tax	309,000	339,611	30,611
Local sales tax	,	16,438	16,438
State income tax	22,750	(2,185)	
State beer tax	2,100	2,878	778
State gasoline and motor fuel tax	145,000	163,151	18,151
State gasoline inspection fee	11,800	13,126	1,326
Corporate excise tax	22,000	7,375	7,375
Telecommunications tax	900	955	55
State grant - fire department	300	4,273	4,273
FEMA - police, fire and park		10,300	10,300
Local grants and contributions	71,000	71,445	445
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	562,550	627,367	64,817
			04,017

				•	Varia	ance With
	Bu	dget			Fina	ıl Budget
	0ri	ginal/			Po	sitive
	<u>F</u> :	<u>inal</u>	A	ctual	(Ne	gative)
Other Income						
Process fee for business tax	\$	1,500	\$	1,555	\$	55
Subdividing and other fees		2,000		5,944		3,944
Privilege tax fee		600		1,180		580
Engineer charges and fees		10,000		8,590	(1,410)
Miscellaneous fees/charges		4,500		5,492		992
Special program fees		4,000		4,140		140
Fees driving school		20,000		15,100	(4,900)
Accident report charges		1,800		3,479		1,679
TML safety grant				1,255		1,255
Rent		57,000		57,000		0
Sale of City property		252,500		29,560	(222,940)
Donation to Parks				874	·	874
Insurance refunds		3,000		2,919	(81)
Total Other Income		356,900	_	137,088	(_	219,812)
Police Fines and Other Revenue						
City Court fines and costs		97,000		91,402	(5,598)
Court fines and costs from county		500		674	•	174
Total Police Fines and Other Revenue	_	97,500		92,076	(_	5,424)
Investment Income						
Interest		12,000		7,276	(4,724)
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR ADDRODES TO						
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	\$ <u>2 ,</u>	<u>355,550</u>	\$ <u>2</u>	<u>,332,917</u>	\$ (<u>22,633</u>)

CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (Outflows)	Budget Original/ <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Government			
Salaries and wages	\$ 121,000	\$ 117,722	\$ 3,278
Payroll taxes	77,000	75,703	
Retirement contributions	128,000	124,266	3,734
Bond and insurance	262,000	269,725	(7,725)
Telephone	31,000	31,100	
Office supplies	16,000	13,557	2,443
Legal and professional	20,000	18,661	1,339
Utility service	35,000	43,036	(8,036)
Other services and charges	84,755	85,481	(726)
Debt service	349,775	347,082	2,693
Total General Government	1,124,530	1,126,333	(1,803)
City Court			
Salaries and wages	22,200	18,925	3,275
Data processing	1,855	2,130	(275)
Other services and charges	1,250	2,215	(965)
Total City Court	25,305	23,270	2,035
		·	
Codes Administration			
Salaries and wages	64,750	67,908	(3,158)
Tennessee State Planning Office	8,000	8,000	0
Other	4,050	3,488	562
Total Codes Administration	76,800	79,396	(2,596)
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police Department			
Salaries - police	484,600	460,535	24,065
Contractual services	18,000	0	18,000
Repairs and maintenance	12,000	13,917	(1,917)
Gas and oil	30,000	29,976	24
Uniforms and supplies	7,000	8,044	(1,044)
Equipment purchases	3,000	3,835	(835)
Other services and charges	12,200	10,139	2,061
Total Police Department	566,800	526,446	40,354
			

	C	Budget Original/ Final	į	Actual	Fin P	ance With al Budget ositive egative)
Fire Department						
Salaries and wages	\$	196,000	\$	191,101	\$	4,899
Repairs and maintenance		24,200		20,853		3,347
Supplies		6,000		3,635		2,365
Uniforms		5,000		3,839		1,161
Gas and oil		5,000		5,024	(24)
Equipment purchases		32,000		31,796	-	204
Other services and charges		14,150		9,524		4,626
Total Fire Department	_	282,350		265,772		16,578
Public Health						_
Salaries and wages		4,600		2,601		1,999
Utilities		5,000		9,771	(4,771)
Telephone		1,200		0		1,200
Other services and charges	_	4,200		4,582	(382)
Total Public Health	_	15,000		16,954	(1,954)
Total Public Safety	_	864,150	_	809,172	_	54,978
State Street Aid Salaries						
Roads and street		54,750		29,243		25,507
	-	102,000	-	123,123	(21,123)
Total State Street Aid	_	156,750	-	152,366		4,384
Streets and Roads						
Salaries and wages		15,300		14,177		1,123
Repairs and maintenance		3,500		3,329		171
Street lighting		14,000		10,781		3,219
Gas and oil		4,800		3,848		952
Streets and roads		5,745		5,000		745
Other services and charges		7,155		5,352		1,803
Total Streets and Roads	-	50,500	-	42,487	_	8,013
David	_		-			
Parks						
Salaries and wages		85,200		84,214		986
Repairs and maintenance		12,800		9,210		3,590
Gas and oil		2,000		1,627		373
Building, improvements and equipment		6,500		1,641		4,859
Educational supplies		2,000		1,687		313
Event expenses		3,000		1,553		1,447
Other services and charges	_	8,750	_	6,159	_	2,591
Total Parks	_	120,250	-	106,091	_	14,159
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ 2	2,418,285	\$ 2	2,339,115	\$	79,170

}			
· }			
7			
}			
}			
•			

Operating	Income	(continued)
Oporacing	THEOMIC	(COMCINGCA)

\$ 264,074

Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	
Interest income	31,086
Interest expense and fiscal agent charges	(<u>174,367</u>)
<u>Total</u>	(143,281)

Income Before Transfers	120,793
Transfers In (Out)	(245,700)
Net Income Before Capital Contributions	(124,907)
Capital Contributions	484,426
Change in Net Assets	359,519
Net Assets - beginning	10,521,918
Net Assets - ending	\$ 10,881,437

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

December 27, 2004

Board of Mayor and Commissioners City of Fairview, Tennessee Fairview, Tennessee

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, of City of Fairview, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Fairview, Tennessee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, according, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Item 2.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Fairview, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation or the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect City of Fairview, Tennessee's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Item 2.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, and the Comptroller of the Treasury of the State of Tennessee and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pargone and Accounter

Parsons and Associates

CITY OF FAIRVIEW, TENNESSEE FINDINGS AND DISPOSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

1. FINDING:

Finding for the year ended June 30, 2003, relating to recording budget amendments has been corrected.

2. FINDING:

The City receives revenue from various sources on a predictable schedule with no action required by the City. On several occasions, checks were not received on schedule. procedures are in place to ascertain if revenue is being received on its regular schedule. The use of substantial sums could be lost to the City's use for long periods of time if the City is not aware of the missing funds.

RECOMMENDATION: A tickler file would allow personnel to determine if revenue was being received on a timely basis. Timely investigation could be made for non receipt of the funds.

RESPONSE:

A schedule of those payers can be developed and will be used to determine that revenue is received in a timely manner.